



THEOLOGICAL TERMS PART 3

21. **Dispensationalism**

- Dispensationalism is a religious interpretive system for the Bible.
- It considers Biblical history as divided deliberately by God into defined periods or ages to each of which God has allotted distinctive administrative principles.
- This interpretation interprets the bible as historic events

22. **Epistle**

- A New Testament letter from an apostle to a congregation or individual.
- Of the New Testament books, all but Matthew, Mark, Luke, John, Acts and Revelation are epistles.

23. **Eschatology**

- The study of what the Bible says about final things (or last things), including personal last events like individual death and the intermediate state; and corporate or general last events like the return of Christ, the final judgment, the millennial kingdom, etc.

24. **Evangelism**

- Biblical or related writings not forming part of the accepted canon of Scripture.
- Writings not included in the Bible eg book of Enoch

25. **Baptism into suffering**

- Sharing with non-Christians the message of what Jesus has done to save sinners, and calling them to repent and believe;
- the faithful delivery of the message of the gospel. – Mat 28:19-20

26. Exegesis

- The process of drawing out the original (or author-intended) meaning of a text of scripture. – 2 Tim 2:15

27. Glorification

- The final step in the experience of the salvation process and in the application of redemption to believers, in which, at the return of Christ, the bodies of those believers who have died will be raised and reunited with their souls, and the bodies of all those believers still living will be transformed into resurrection bodies like the resurrection body of Christ, so that all believers will be perfectly conformed to the image of the risen and glorified Christ. – 1 Cor 15:35-49

28. Glory

- The public display of God's infinite beauty and worth;
- the created brightness that surrounds God's revelation of himself;
- the manifested presence of God. – Ex 33:18 – 34:7

29. Good works

- Deeds done "in obedience to the will of God - Rom 6:16
- from a principle of love to Him - Heb 10:24
- in the name of Christ - Col 3:17
- and to the glory of God by Him."
- Our good works are never the grounds of our salvation, but they are the necessary result of salvation as the Spirit produces the desire and power to please God within a believer.

30. Great Commission

- Christ's command to "Go ... and make disciples of all nations," given to the apostles after his resurrection, summarizing what his followers are commissioned to do from the time of his ascension until he comes again. – Mat 28:18-20